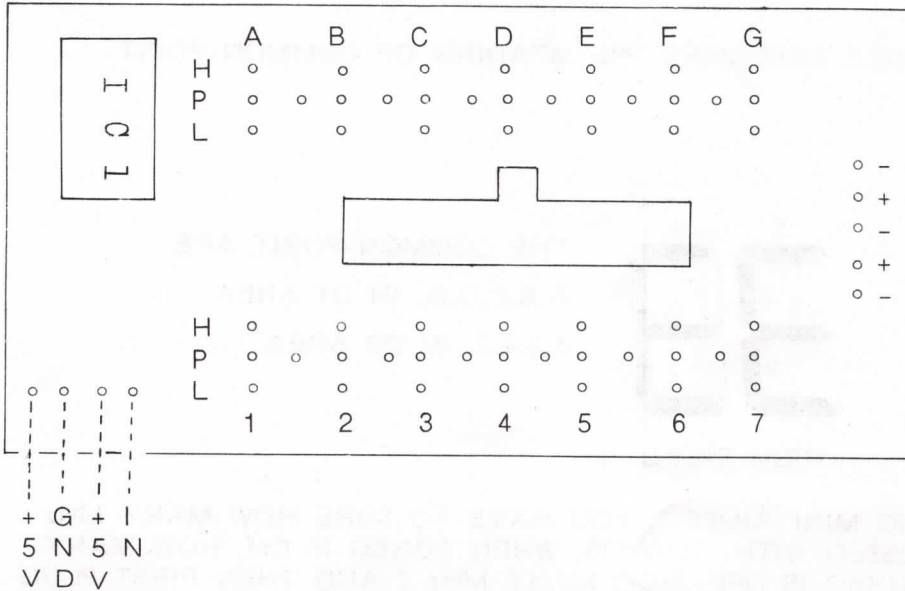


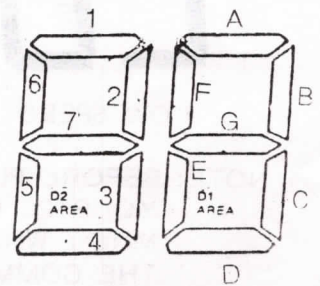
DISPLAY 416 INDEX

A>. DEVICE & DESCRIPITON: (HIGH AND LOW)



TURBO LED

POWER LED



NOTE: THERE ARE TWO WAYS TO TRIG TURBO LED ON THE MOTHERBOARD, CONNECT THE "IN" (FROM, DISPLAY BOARD) TO MOTHERBOARD TURBO LED SIGNAL PIN.

B>. THREE WAYS OF MINI JUMPER INTO BREAK-AWAY

(1) LOW ACTIVE:

- (a).

H	○
P	○
L	○

 MEANS POINT OF HIGH SPEED. (WHEN TURBO IS ON)
- (b).

H	○
P	○
L	○

 MEANS COMMON-POINT OF HIGH AND LOW SPEED.
- (c).

H	○
P	○
L	○

 MEANS POINT OF LOW SPEED. (WHEN TURBO IS OFF)

(2) HIGH ACTIVE:

- (a).

H	○
P	○
L	○

 MEANS POINT OF LOW SPEED. (WHEN TURBO IS OFF)
- (b).

H	○
P	○
L	○

 MEANS COMMON-POINT OF HIGH AND LOW SPEED.
- (c).

H	○
P	○
L	○

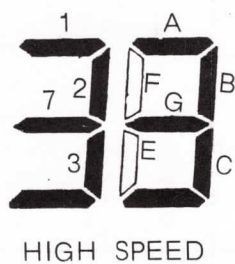
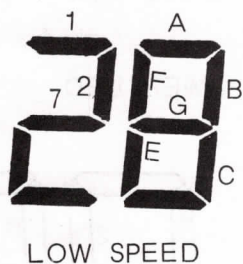
 MEANS POINT OF HIGH SPEED. (WHEN TURBO IS ON)

(3) THE WAY TO CONNECT TURBO LED (IN PANNEL)

◦ -
 ◦ + TURBO LED
 ◦ +
 ◦ - POWER LED
 LOW ACTIVE

◦ +
 ◦ - TURBO LED
 ◦ +
 ◦ - POWER LED
 HIGH ACTIVE

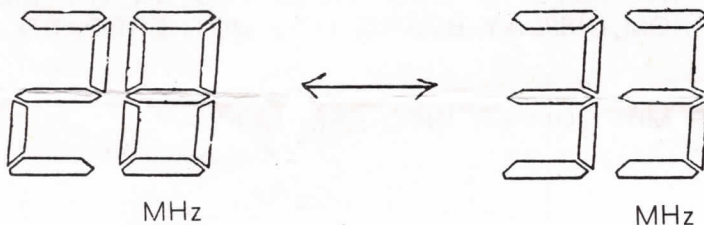
C>. THE FOLLOWING EXAMPLE DESCRIBES THE MEANING OF COMMON-POINT:



THE COMMON-POINT ARE
 A.B.C.D.G. IN D1 AREA
 1.2.4.7. IN D2 AREA

NOTE: BEFORE PLUGGING MINI JUMPER, YOU HAVE TO SURE HOW MANY MHz YOUR PC POSSESSED WITH, THAT IS, WHEN TURBO IS ON, HOW MANY MHz ? WHEN TURBO IS OFF, HOW MANY MHz ? AND THEN FIRST PLUG THE COMMON-POINT, AND THEN THE POINT OF HIGH SPEED OR LOW SPEED.

EXAMPLE:



STEP 1.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
H	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦
P	◦◦	◦◦	◦◦	◦◦	◦	◦	◦◦
L	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

PLUG THE COMMON-POINT FIRST
 D1 AREA: A.B.C.D.G.
 D2 AREA: 1.2.4.7.

STEP 2.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
H	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦
P	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦
L	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦	◦
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

THEN PLUG THE POINT OF
 HIGH AND LOW SPEED.
 HIGH SPEED: D1 AREA: NON
 D2 AREA: 3.
 LOW SPEED: D1 AREA: E.F.
 D2 AREA: 5.

NOTE :THIS DISPLAY WAS SETTED IN LOW ACTIVE AND HIGH SPEED IS 33 MHz
LOW SPEED IS 28 MHz